

8 TIPS

for Keeping Your Critical Life Science Shipments Moving

Any delay may compromise the integrity and patient safety of your life-saving shipments. With careful planning and preparation before your package is picked up, however, you can minimize that risk.

PACKAGING

Life science shipments need special packaging to protect contents from excessive heat or cold. Dangerous Goods shipments also have specific packaging requirements.

TIP 1 Refer to IATA Packing Instruction 650 or consult with your logistics partner to ensure you use the proper materials and protocols.



PLACING YOUR ORDER

Give your logistics provider as much information as possible in case any special equipment is needed to transport your shipments.



PICK UP AND DELIVERY

TIP 6 Have your package along with necessary documentation ready at the time you requested pickup.

TIP 7 Provide the hours of operation for both the pickup and delivery locations.

TIP 8 Verify that the delivery address and consignee contact details are correct.

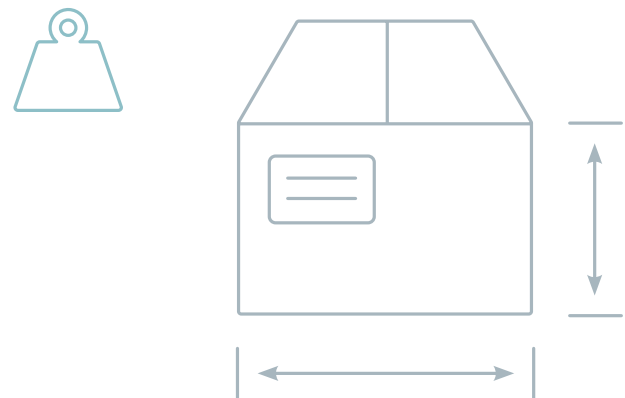
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DOCUMENTATION

Depending on the contents and mode of transportation, special documentation and designations may be necessary.

TIP 2 If any part of the journey includes a passenger aircraft, verify that the pickup address is a Known Shipper per TSA regulations.

TIP 3 Identify all contents on the Shipper's Declaration form. If any component is considered Dangerous Goods, classify and label packages according to current regulations.



TIP 4 Provide the correct dimensions, weights and piece count for your pickup.

TIP 5 Use the appropriate shipping labels on packages and double check that they accurately reflect the shipment information you provided.



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